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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/604,072		06/26/2000	Yoshihiro Miyamoto	000808	2708
23850	7590	06/08/2004		EXAMINER	
ARMSTRO	NG, KI	RATZ, QUINTOS, I	SOLOMON, GARY L		
1725 K STR	EET, NV	V		ART UNIT	
SUITE 1000	SUITE 1000				PAPER NUMBER
WASHING	ron, do	20006		2615	
				DATE MAILED: 06/08/2004	/

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/604,072	MIYAMOTO, YOSHIHIRO
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Gary L Solomon	2615
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover she	et with the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, neply within the statutory minimum of will apply and will expire SIX (6 tute, cause the application to become.	nay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26	March 2004.	
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ Th	nis action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	ance except for formal	matters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	r Ex parte Quayle, 1935	5 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pending in the application	1.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr		1.
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 9</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) 5-8 is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requiremen	ıt.
Application Papers		
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Exami	nor	
10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 6-6-2000 is/are: a) ☐		cted to by the Examiner
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	, ,	<u>. </u>
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	·	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	gn priority under 35 U.S	S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	nto have been received	
1. Certified copies of the priority docume		
2. Certified copies of the priority docume		
 Copies of the certified copies of the pr application from the International Bure 	·	•
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	, , , ,	
	and the second second	
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		view Summary (PTO-413) er No(s)/Mail Date
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	8) 5) Notic	er No(s)/Mail Date ee of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) r:
S. Patent and Trademark Office	Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 7

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 3-26-2004 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive.

2. The claimed subject matter in the applicant's amended claims 1 and 4 still read on the

Tsang reference.

The photodiode (light sensitive portion) stores a charge that is transferred to the detection

capacitor MCAP through the N2 transistor. When the reset occurs at reset timing (level VRST),

the detection capacitor is discharged and fed to the column output signal (Column 7, Lines 27-

57).

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of

applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., thermal noise

removal) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of

the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van

Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Specification

3. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly

indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

4. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

5. Page 10: Figures 4A-4E, 10A-10D, and 12A-12D must be described.

6. Appropriate correction is required. Page 2

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Drawings

Page 3

7. Figures 7 and 8 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Objections

- 8. Claims 1, 3, and 4 are objected to because of the following informalities:
- 9. In regards to claim 1, after "a plurality of pixels", there should be a limitation for "each pixel" and "of" should be deleted in line 5 and "voltage" should replace "level" in line 11 and "voltage" should replace "level" in line 12...
- 10. In regards to claim 3, "witch" should be replaced with "switch." In line 3.
- 11. In regards to claim 4, after "a plurality of pixels", there should be a limitation for "each pixel" in line 2.
- 12. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 13. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 14. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tsang (US 5,900,623).

For claim 1, Tsang discloses:

A solid-state imaging device comprising:

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a plurality of pixels (Abstract), including a light sensitive portion for photo electrically converting incident light (Figure 4, PHOTODIODE),

a transfer gate for transferring a charge stored in said light-sensitive portion (Figure 4, Element N2),

a resettable detection capacitor for storing said charge transferred from said transfer gate (Figure 4, Element MCAP), and

a selection switch for outputting a charge of said detection capacitor according to of a selection signal (Figure 4, Element N5);

a charge amplifier for converting to a voltage a charge of said detection capacitor, which is outputted from the pixels (Figure 3), and

a correlated double sampling circuit for obtaining a voltage difference between a reset voltage and a detected voltage converted by the charge amplifier (Column 12, Line 10 through Column 13, line 26; Column 13, Lines 43-54)

wherein said reset voltage is converted from a charge of the detection capacitor when being reset at reset timing, and said detected voltage is converted form a charge of the detection capacitor when a charge stored in the light sensitive portion is transferred to the reset detection capacitor, following to the reset timing (Column 7, Lines 27-57).

For claim 2, Tsang discloses all the previous limitations and Tsang also discloses said charge amplifier is a capacitive feedback-type impedance conversion circuit (Figure 3).

For claim 3, Tsang discloses all the previous limitations and Tsang also discloses said charge amplifier converts to the reset voltage, a reset level of said detection capacitor by said selection switch, and said detection capacitor being connected to an input of said charge

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amplifier, and thereafter, converts to the detected voltage said charge of the detection capacitor, when the charge stored in the light-sensitive portion is transferred to said detection capacitor by said transfer gate transitioning to ON (Column 12, Line 10 through Column 13, Line 26).

For claim 4, Tsang discloses:

a plurality of pixels (Abstract), including a light sensitive portion for photo electrically converting incident light and storing a charge, a reset gate (Figure 4, MCAP) connected to said light sensitive portion, for depleting said light sensitive portion by becoming conductive in response to a reset signal, and a transfer gate (Figure 4, N2), connected to light sensitive portion, for outputting a charge which is also stored in said light sensitive portion after being depleted by becoming conductive in response to selection signal, (Figure 4, PHOTODIODE),

a charge amplifier connected to said pixel, for converting to a voltage said detection capacitor charge, which is outputted from the pixels (Figure 3),

a correlated double sampling circuit for obtaining a voltage difference between a reset level and a detected level converted by the charge amplifier and

wherein a differential voltage between a reset level which said charge amplifier outputs when being reset, and a detection level, which said charge amplifier outputs in accordance with the charge outputted from said pixel, is outputted from said correlated double sampling circuit (Column 10, Lines 39-65; Column 13, Lines 15-26).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

15. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsang (US 5,900,623) in view of Pritchard (US 6,636,261).

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For claim 9, Tsang discloses all the previous limitations, but lacks teaching wherein said reset gate maintains a quasi-conductive state while said light-sensitive portion stores a photo electrically converted charge.

However, Pritchard teaches a driven capacitor storage pixel sensor and array system wherein the reset is kept in a quasi-conductive state when the light sensitive portion stores the charge (Figures 2, 3A, 4, 5A, and 5B; Column 5, Lines 1-15).

Seemingly, the combination of these two inventions would have been clearly obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention in order to prevent anti-blooming as suggested by Pritchard (Column 5).

Allowable Subject Matter

16. Claims 5-8 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

- 17. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- 18. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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date of this final action.

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

- 19. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gary L Solomon whose telephone number is (703)-305-4370. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday Friday 8:00 AM 5:00 PM.
- 20. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's primary, Ngoc-Yen Vu can be reached on (703)-305-4946. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.
- 21. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

GLS

PRIMARY EXAMINER